

## Delay discounting task

The delay discounting task is typically considered an index of impulsive behavior. Children are asked to make a choice between an immediate small reward and a delayed larger reward.

Delay discounting is typically considered an index of impulsive behavior. It is an assessment of the degree to which subjective value of a commodity decreases as a function of a delay to its. By this definition, greater discounting indicates greater impulsivity). In most delay-discounting procedures, participants make choices between rewards that are smaller but immediate versus rewards that are larger but delayed.