

Tatyana Teplova January 2022





Gender inequality is a wicked problem

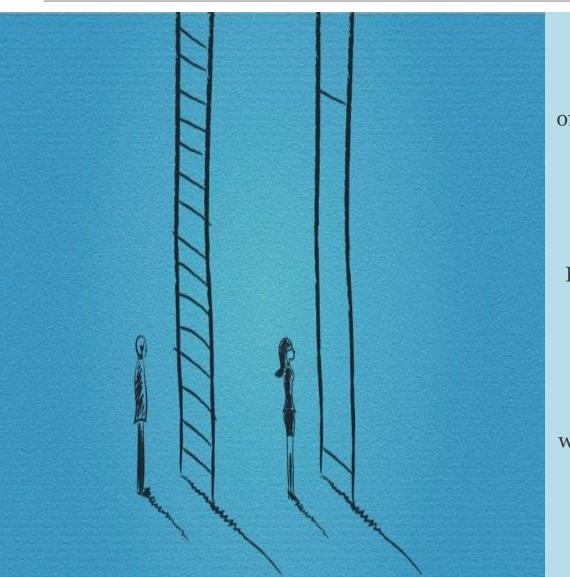
Gender inequality across the life cycle







Impact of the pandemic has been uneven...



70%

of the health and social care workforce is made up by women

150%

Increase of gender-based violence calls to national helpline in Colombia

1.16 p.p.

Drop in labour force participation of women in 2021 compared to 2019, more than the labour force participation of men (1.10 p.p.).



Gender perspective in response & recovery: an uneven picture



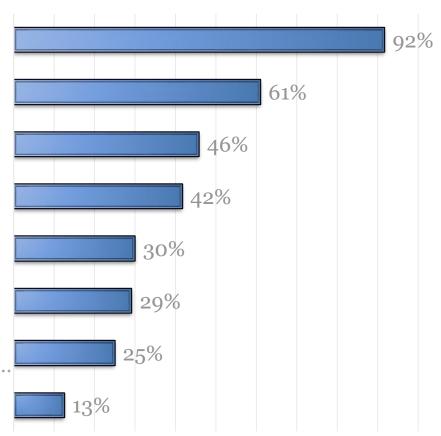
^{*} UNDP & UN Women, 2021



Priorities in emergency responses



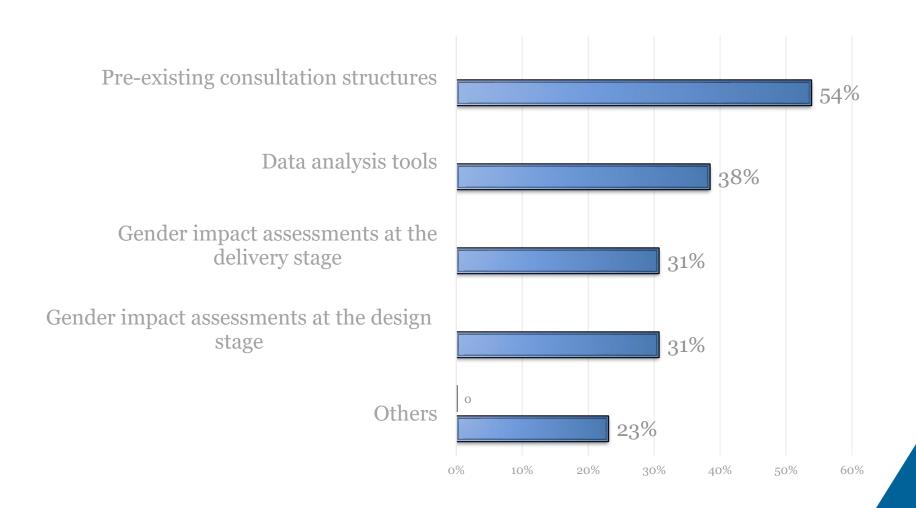
position



0% 10% 20% 30% 40% 50% 60% 70% 80% 90% 100%

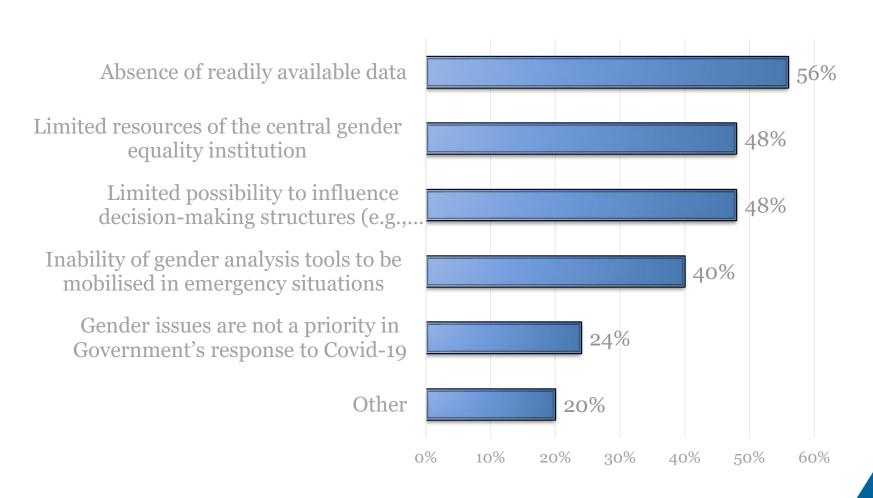


Mechanisms for gender-informed decisions during emergency responses





Challenges in providing a gender-informed crisis response





Key takeaways

Sidelining of the gender perspective during a crisis

Need for intersectionality

Role played by gender machinery and governance tools

Gender imbalances in decision-making

Effective governance processes for gender mainstreaming

Need for good quality, genderdisaggregated data Urgent need to tackle violence against women

Wider use of flexible working arrangements



Towards inclusive responses & recovery

- Use gender mainstreaming processes and government tools
 - Integrate gender equality into recovery strategies
- Strengthen coordination and consultation mechanisms
- Integrate gender-inclusive policies into emergency management plans
- Ensure that decision-making processes are inclusive and representative
- Monitor and evaluate pandemic responses from a gender perspective; effective oversight and accountability
- Strengthen data availability and infrastructure for evidence-based policy-making

Gender-sensitive & intersectional data

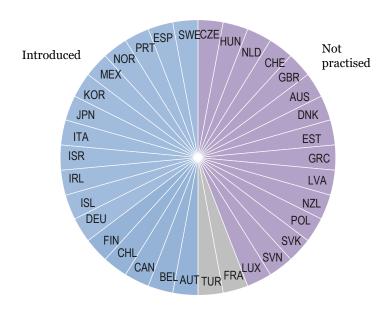
Government tools

- Strategy setting and planning
- ✓ Laws and regulations
- ✓ Policy-making cycle and gender impact assessments
- ✓ Budgeting and financial management
- ✓ Public procurement
- ✓ Monitoring, evaluation and accountability
- ✓ Service delivery
- ✓ Public consultation, open and digital government
- ✓ Public sector integrity tools



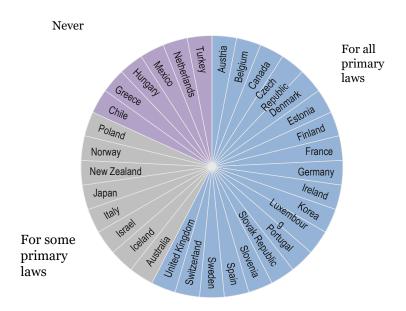
Use of gender mainstreaming tools across the OECD

OECD countries that practise gender budgeting (2018)



Under consideration

Requirements to assess the impacts of gender equality in developing primary laws (2017)

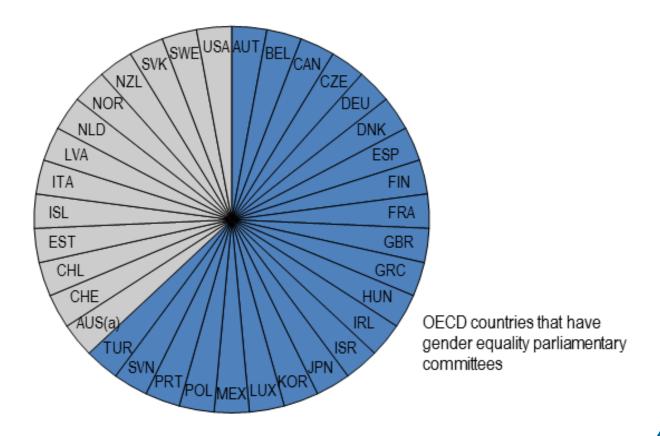




Oversight and accountability

Two-thirds of OECD countries have gender equality parliamentary committees, 2016

OECD countries that do not have gender equality parliamentary committees



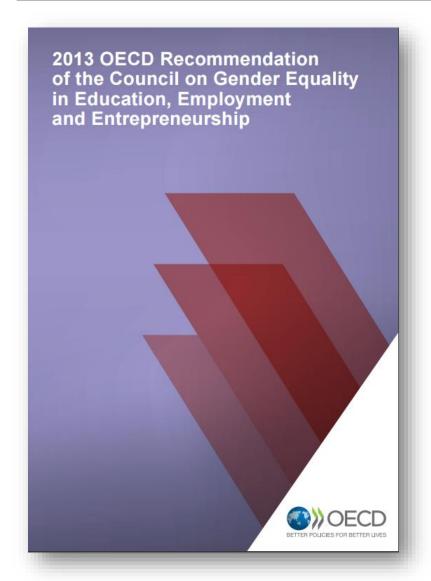
Source: OECD, 2017 "The Pursuit of Gender Equality: An Uphill Battle".

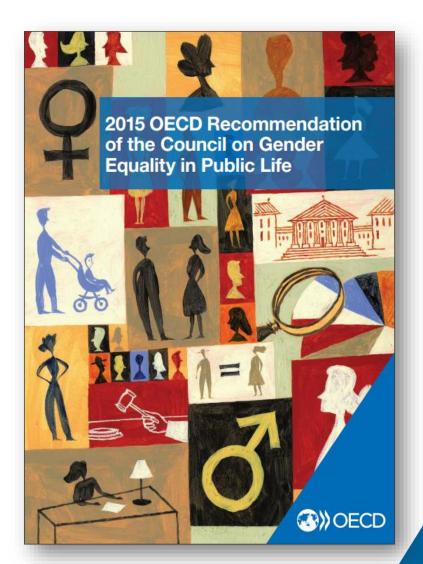


OECD TOOLS



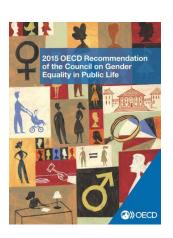
OECD Gender Recommendations







Monitoring Report in 2022



Context

- ➤ The 2nd Reporting of the Recommendation to take place in 2022, jointly with Employment, Labour and Social Affairs Committee (ELSAC).
- ➤ A 2021 Survey on Gender Mainstreaming & Governance (GMG) was developed to underpin the report.
- ➤ Indicative timeline includes various rounds of consultation with GMG, Public Governance Committee (PGC) and ELSAC ahead of transmission to OECD Council.

Timeline





Policy Framework for Gender-Sensitive Public Governance: Rationale

- Only 42% 'gendersensitive' COVID measures globally
- 40% governments reported challenge in mobilizing gender analysis tools in COVID response

Need

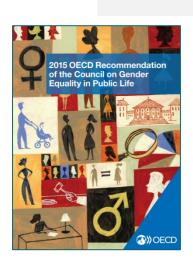
Use gender-sensitive
governance tools &
processes in public decisionmaking for gender-inclusive
COVID-19 recovery &
resilience

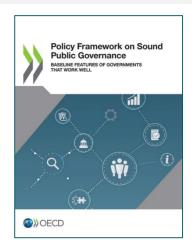
Opportunity

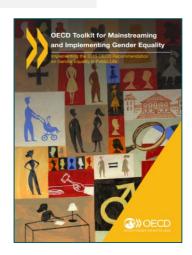
Policy Framework for Gender-sensitive Public Governance to assess gender-sensitivity of decisionmaking/ public governance approaches

Contribution

The Policy Framework builds on:









Policy Framework for Gender-Sensitive Public Governance: Content

Values and Enablers for gender-sensitive governance

Values

→ shape public governance and citizen expectations

- Gender-sensitive approach to public integrity
- Openness and transparency towards gender equality goals
- Gender-balanced inclusion, participation & diversity in public institutions & public services
- Accountability and rule of law for gender equality

Enablers

→ support incorporating a gender lens in governance

- · Commitment, vision, leadership
- Equitable and evidenceinformed policy making
- Whole-of-government coordination

Making governance tools gender-sensitive

Problem identification, policy formulation and design

→ Management tools

- gender objectives at governmental/programme level
- gender expertise
- · gender biases in digitalization

→Policy instruments

- gender lens in regulation
- gender budgeting

Policy implementation and Policy evaluation

→ Policy implementation

- Tools: leadership, public procurement, PPP, emergency management
- Monitoring: priorities, financial performance, regulatory processes

→ Policy evaluation

- gender perspective in institutional framework for evaluation
- quality control and assurance
- gender-disaggregated data

Building on the Policy Framework for Sound Public Governance



Forward-looking: What's in store?

- > Development of core indicators
- Guidance Tool on intersectional approaches to gender mainstreaming
- ➤ Policy series on lessons learned from integrating gender lens into policymaking and delivery
- Analysis of governance and capacities for gender-disaggregated data collection & use
- Evaluation and impact assessment of gender mainstreaming & budgeting
- ➤ Updating the OECD Toolkit for Mainstreaming and Implementing Gender Equality
- > Country support: e.g., Colombia, Czech Republic, Morocco, Egypt



OECD resources to strengthen inclusive decision-making





OECD policy brief "Women at the core of the fight against COVID-19"

OECD policy brief "Towards genderinclusive recovery: leveraging the role of the state and government tools" (forthcoming)

OECD Recommendation on **Gender Equality in Education, Employment and Entrepreneurship** (2013)

OECD Recommendation on **Gender Equality in Public Life** (2015)

OECD Gender Portal

Policy networks:

OECD Working Party on Gender Mainstreaming and Governance

OECD-MENA Governance Programme: Women in Government Platform

Asian Public Governance Forum on Gender Mainstreaming



